

	PALACIOS POLICE DEPARTMENT	
	Policy 2.5 Employee Disciplinary Process	
	Effective Date: 1/04/2021	Replaces: 02/07/2006
	Approved: <i>Milton Rivera</i> <u>Milton Rivera, Chief of Police</u>	
	Reference:	

I. POLICY

It is the department's policy to impose any necessary disciplinary action fairly and impartially.

Discipline is the process of taking specific actions that will help train, develop, or modify the inappropriate actions of an employee, preferably through positive rather than negative measures.

Discipline in the department takes two approaches: (1) rewarding employees for excellence and positive actions and (2) training, counseling, and in some cases sanctioning for inappropriate actions or behavior.

II. PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to establish procedures concerning informal and formal disciplinary practices within the department.

III. DEFINITIONS

- A. Days: The term "days," as used herein, means "work days provided"; however, if the last day of any time period mentioned is a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday, the time period shall be extended to the next day.
- B. Moral turpitude: An intentional act or behavior displayed in words or actions that violates public morals or the common sense of the community involving but not limited to intent to defraud, intentional dishonesty for personal gain, lying, perjury, subornation of perjury, cheating, bribery, unlawful possession of controlled substances, sexual harassment, unlawful sexual conduct, or excessive use of force.
- C. Relief from duty: An administrative action by a superior whereby a subordinate officer is temporarily relieved from performing his or her duties.

- D. Discipline: The taking of specific actions intended to help train, develop, or modify the actions of an employee. Discipline may be positive (awards and training) or negative (punishment).

IV. PROCEDURES

A. Positive Reinforcement

1. Positive discipline seeks voluntary compliance with established policies, procedures, and orders. Methods of positive discipline include:
 - a. Recognition of excellent job performance through rewards or awards.
 - b. When people outside the department compliment an employee's performance, the person who receives the information shall make a record of the comments and pass them to the employee's supervisor. A chief who receives compliments about an employee should write a thank-you note to the individual. Copies of the person's statement and the chief's response shall be sent to the officer involved and the supervisor. A copy of all correspondence shall be placed in the employee's personnel file.
 - c. Truly exceptional acts shall be clearly and promptly identified to the Chief of Police. These acts may be the basis for special awards or for special recognition by community groups or media coverage.
2. Discussion and counseling
3. Training

B. Consistency in discipline

1. The department abides by the philosophy that discipline must be applied consistently and uniformly.
2. The department provides employees with descriptions of prohibited behavior in the "Rules of Conduct Policy" and elsewhere in these orders. No list, however, can be all-inclusive. Employees are expected to have a reasonable perception of what constitutes proper behavior, based on training and experience.

C. Relief from duty

1. An employee may be relieved from duty whenever a supervisor, whether the Chief of Police, sergeant, or senior officer, questions an employee's physical or psychological fitness for duty. An internal investigation may follow.
2. The sergeant or senior officer has authority to relieve an employee from duty but must promptly report this action to the Chief of Police, accompanied by a written report setting forth details and circumstances.

3. If the necessity to relieve from duty is not immediate, the behavior or actions of the employee shall be deemed a matter for internal investigation. In an internal investigation, only the Chief of Police may relieve an employee from duty. Only the Chief of Police, in consultation with the city manager, may suspend an officer without pay.
4. An officer who refuses to obey a direct order in conformance with the department's orders may be relieved from duty by the sergeant or senior officer, who may recommend suspension to the Chief of Police. The chief, in consultation with the city manager, may then suspend without pay.

D. Penalties: Documented oral reprimand, counseling, and/or training.

1. Oral reprimands resulting from improper actions, while informal, require documentation with an employee's acknowledgment of such record. The following steps shall be observed:
 - a. At the time of an oral reprimand, the employee receiving it shall be counseled as to correct behavior, and further advised that a written record shall be maintained concerning the reprimand/counseling, and that the employee may read the record.
 - b. The employee shall be further advised that he or she has the right to file a statement in his or her personnel file setting forth his or her position, in case of disagreement.
2. The reprimanding supervisor shall prepare a memorandum for the personnel record that contains the following information:
 - a. Employee's name
 - b. Date of reprimand/counseling
 - c. Summary of reasons for reprimand/counseling
 - d. Summary of employee's response
 - e. Suggestions for improvement or specific actions suggested
 - f. Name and signature of counselor
 - g. The following statement must appear:

"I acknowledge that I have today received counseling and I have been advised of the following rights: (1) that a written record of reprimand/counseling shall be maintained; (2) that the employee has a right to review the record and respond in writing; (3) that the form shall become part of the personnel file; and (4) that the employee is required to acknowledge the reprimand/counseling by signing the record."

- h. The employee shall sign and date the form on which the statement appears.
 - i.
3. Oral reprimand/counseling may involve remedial training. This training may be deemed necessary to rectify the improper behavior. Remedial

training may include attendance at academy classes, in-service, or other training specially created to help the employee correct or modify his or her behavior. Remedial training is reasonably offered until the employee can demonstrate proficiency in the correct behavior. All training shall be documented.

4. If the employee's actions did not result in a formal internal investigation and employee has not behaved improperly following counseling for two years, the record of counseling shall be expunged from the employee's personnel file.
5. Accumulation of three oral reprimands in a twelve-month period may result in a written reprimand or suspension, depending on circumstances.
6. Supervisors are expected to informally counsel employees regularly without waiting on instances of poor performance. Most counseling is informal, positive, supportive, and often undocumented.
7. Supervisors are responsible for counseling employees concerning job-related matters within their capabilities. Since many things can affect the job and an employee's performance, job-related counseling may involve family and other individual, personal subjects. Counseling may include identification of unacceptable behaviors or actions, specifically what was done wrong and the desired or acceptable performance. Counseling can attempt to determine the reason for the behavior, determine and recommend how to correct or improve performance or to solve the problem.

E. Written reprimand. A written reprimand becomes a permanent part of the officer's file.

1. A written reprimand, issued by the Chief of Police:
 - a. cautions an employee about poor behavior,
 - b. sets forth the corrected or modified behavior mandated by the department,
 - c. specifies the penalty in case of recurrent poor behavior.

F. Demotion or suspension without pay

1. If the situation warrants, the Chief of Police, in consultation with the city manager, may demote an employee, suspend without pay, or take other measures normally considered equivalent, such as the forfeiture of vacation or compensatory time.
2. Suspensions without pay will normally apply to a period of up to 15 days, as determined by the Chief of Police and city manager.
3. If an employee becomes a candidate for suspension a second time within one year after the first suspension, the employee may be dismissed.
4. Suspensions resulting from the arrest or criminal investigation of an employee may be indefinite or result in termination.

- a. Should an employee be arrested or identified as a suspect in any felony, misdemeanor involving violence or moral turpitude, family violence or DWI, he/she shall immediately be placed on administrative leave with pay and an internal investigation shall commence. At the conclusion of the internal investigation the Chief of Police may take appropriate disciplinary action based on the results of the internal investigation, including indefinite suspension or termination.
 - b. An employee who is acquitted of criminal charges may yet be disciplined at the discretion of the Chief of Police or reinstated with full or partial back pay.
5. Any employee suspended for a period five days or longer shall return all department-owned property. On any suspension, the officer must return to department custody his or her badge, identification card, and issued firearm.
 6. During a suspension, the employee shall not undertake any official duties.
 7. Demotion shall be to the next lowest rank.
 8. An employee may appeal a suspension within five days of notice. An employee may appeal a suspension through the Chief of Police to the city manager, whose decision is final.

G. Termination

1. Terminations are made in cases of extreme misfeasance, malfeasance, or nonfeasance of duty. A complete record of the circumstances of the misbehavior shall be made by all persons having knowledge of the misbehavior.
2. Employees may appeal a dismissal within five days of receipt of notice, and may appeal in accordance with the procedure outlined under Policy 4.7

H. Reporting arrests

Any employee arrested for, charged with, or convicted of any crime, or required to appear as a defendant in any criminal or civil proceedings must so inform the Chief of Police in writing as soon as possible. Employees do not have to report parking tickets. Employees must report summonses or arrests for reckless driving, DWI, or any other hazardous or moving- traffic offenses. Failure to notify the department of the foregoing shall be cause for dismissal.

V. PROGRESSIVE DISCIPLINE

- A. Except for gross breaches of discipline, moral turpitude, or serious violations of law or conduct, the department generally follows the principles of progressive discipline.
- B. Probationary employees shall be dismissed, suspended, or otherwise disciplined according to the foregoing. The only difference is that a probationary employee has

no right of appeal. In the case of a dismissed probationary employee, the official record shall merely indicate that the person was dismissed during probationary employment.

VI. ADMINISTRATION OF SUSPENSIONS, DEMOTIONS, OR DISMISSALS

- A. After an appropriate investigation, should the Chief of Police sustain the allegation and determine that the discipline may be a suspension, demotion, or termination the chief may request review of the investigation by the officer's chain of command to obtain their recommendations for disciplinary action.
- B. Upon receipt of the recommendations, if the Chief of Police believes the discipline should be greater than a written reprimand, the chief shall request that the officer read the written investigation summary and initial each page. The review will take place in the presence of the investigating officer or other staff member. The employee will be allowed to add a written statement to the investigative package stating any arguments with the evidence or investigation process. This statement will be prepared and added to the investigation summary before the employee and the investigating officer leave the review site.
- C. The Chief of Police will meet with the employee and allow the employee to make any statement regarding the evidence or investigation, and review any written statement provided by the employee. The Chief of Police will then have the employee report back after a period determined by the chief.
- D. The Chief of Police will again review the investigation, considering the employee's input and may then decide on the discipline or send the investigation back for further investigation.
- E. The chief will meet with the employee to inform him or her of his/her decision. The chief will present the employee with a letter outlining the discipline, the effective date of the discipline, the reason for the discipline, and the employee's appeal rights.
- F. Copies of all investigation reports that indicate disciplinary action and all other disciplinary paperwork will be filed in the employee's personnel file. A copy of the investigation report will be maintained in the internal investigation's files.